

A PARTIAL GENEALOGY OF ONE BRANCH OF THE FELLOWS FAMILY WHO
SETTLED IN THE UNITED STATES. (Collected and copied by John
Little, Three Oaks, Michigan. 1902)

Three brothers came over from England to America, one settled
in Connecticut, one in Kingston, N. H., the other in Cambridge,
Mass.

Reliable tradition informs us that they were of Scotch-Irish
descent. Traits of the former nationality are strongly marked in
many of the descendants, they being large powerful men, and of
sandy complexion.

EXPLANATION.

The figure at the left of a given name denotes the consecutive
number in the list, the figure at the right the generation from
Ebenezer the emigrant, the sir name being understood. Abbreviation
used: Bn - born, DD - died, Mrd - married, Res - resides, Um -
unmarried. The following are descendants of the Kingston branch.
The given name of the branch followed is indicated by being
written in capital letters.

(1) EBENEZER. Bn about 1696. Mrd. Elizabeth 1718, who was
born about 1700 and died Nov. ~~28~~ 8, 1764. Res at Kingston,
Rockingham Co., N. H.

CHILDREN OF EBENEZER AND ELIZABETH FELLOWS BORN AT KINGSTON
N. H.

(2) JOHN (2) Bn April 27th 1720, Died at Salisbury N. H. in
1812 aged 92 years. Mrd 1st March 6th 1746 Elizabeth Blaisdell
of Kingston N. H. who died July 1766. Mrd 2d widow Mary (Tucker
Kenniston.

He enlisted in a regiment of state troops at Kingston, N. H. which was mustered in Sep't. 1755 as three months men, and were stationed at a fort in Salisbury, Merrimack Co., N. H. being on the Northern frontier to protect the ~~the~~ inhabitants against the Indians.

He removed to Salisbury N. H. in 1766. He was a ship and house carpenter, being one of the first carpenters to settle in that town.

At the first meeting of the voters of Salisbury as an organized township, held April 7th 1768 he (Fellows) and Daniel Bean were chosen fence viewers.

He signed the famous Articles of Association sent out by Congress March 16th 1776 which was as follows.

"We the Subscribers, do hereby solemnly engage and promise that we will to the utmost of our Powers and at the Risk of our Lives and Fortunes, with arms oppose the Hostile proceedings of the British Fleets and Armies against the United American Colonies". This was signed by eighty three persons, being every adult male in the town except two, viz. Sinkler, and Joseph Bean.

He was enrolled in Cap't. Ebenezer Webster's company of minute men of Salisbury, N. H. (The gun he used in in the ~~the~~ writer's possession) (See 2 Joseph 2)

His name appears in the list of tax payers of Salisbury for the year 1775, also in the Ministerial Tax-list ^{of} 1791 assessed 38 9D. He was an honorable man and a skillful mechanic

- (2)
- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (3) Abigail, bn Nov. 6, 1721. | (4) Moses (2) bn Dec 31, 1723. |
| (5) Ebenezer (2) bn Aug. 19, 1827. | (6) Joseph (2) bn June 10, 1729. |
- He was in the British army at the Battle of Quebec Sep't. 12th, 1759, when the British under General Wolf defeated the

French under General Montcalm, both of whom were killed on the Plains of Abraham. (A gun captured from the French at that time, and brought home by him is in the possession of the writer and in a good state of preservation. His initials are cut in the stock (J.F.), French characters and ~~#####~~ figures are burnt into the stock. It is quite a long gun with a flint lock of large size which will hold a flint or stone an inch in thickness, carries an ounce ball, smooth bore, three grips on the barrel.

He settled in Andover, Merrimack Co., N.H. the next town north of Salisbury. He enlisted in the Continental service in 1777 in Cap't. Ebenezer Webster's company of Salisbury N. H., fought at the Battle of Bennington Aug. 16th, 1777 in Col. Stickneys Reg't. which was stationed opposite the log breastworks of General Baums Hessian troops which they captured.

- (7) Benjamin (2) Bn Mar 16th 1730. (8) Annie (2) bn Mar. 15, 1733
(9) Elizabeth (2) Bn June 26th 1738.

(2)
THIRD GENERATION. CHILDREN OF JOHN AND ELIZABETH (BLAISDELL) FELLOWS
BORN AT KINGSTON N. H.

(10) David (3) bn Oct. 6th 1746. Mrd ----- Tucker

(11) Adonijah (3) bn July 11, 1748 dd in 1821. Mrd 1st Elizabeth Rowell of Kingston N. H. who died Apr. 6th 1797. Mrd 2d Jan 4th 1798
widow Sally Clough of Salisbury N. H. Mrd 3d widow King of Hopkinton, N. H.

(12) Hezekiah (3) Bn Dec. 16th 1750. Dd at Cambridge Mass. Unmed.

(13) Ebenezer (3) Bn July 9th 1753 served in the Revolutionary war and died at Charlestown Mass, unmarried.

(14) MOSES (3) Bn Aug. 9, 1755 died at Salisbury N. H. Jan 30th 1846. Mrd May 20, 1782 Sarah Stevens who was born at Plaistow N. H. Nov. 26th 1762, and died at Salisbury N. H. July 18th 1863 aged one

hundred years, seven months and twenty two days.

When a little less than twenty years old he enlisted in the Continental army of the 10th day of May 1775 for eight months service in Cap't. Isaac Baldwins Company. Several of his men were from Hillsborough in the same county.

He fought in the Battle of Bunker Hill June 17th 1775 in Col. John Stark's Reg't, which was with the Connecticut Reg't., stationed at the rail fence extending their line down to Mystic River. Their Amunition was very limited ~~###~~ only twelve rounds to each man. Orders were issued all along the lines not to fire until the white of their eyes and then aim at their waistbands. Thus they waited the approach of the British regulars on the morning of June 17th 1775. During the battle Cap't. Baldwin was mortally wounded and borne from the field by two men from Hillsborough viz, McNeil and Andrews. A ball fired by the British cut off the end of his powder horn. With his last charge of powder having no ball he fired his ramrod and killed one of the British.

Col. Starks Reg't. contained ten companies, 632 men. Of these fifteen were killed and forty five were wounded in the battle. Of the officers killed were Cap't. Isaac Baldwin, Maj. McClary, (a staff officer) Capt Reuben Dow of Hollis N. H. was wounded.

After the battle of Bunker Hill they were stationed at Winter Hill, near Boston, Mass. until the 8th of Sep't. 1775 when he and John Bowen, also from Salisbury, left there and went to Cambridge, Mass. in Cap't D. Carborns Company, to join the expedition, which under Gen. Benedict Arnold was to go up the Hennebeck River, thru the wilderness ~~###~~ to Quebec, and if practicable take the city ~~##~~ and the Canadas.

They ^{went} ~~###~~ aboard a vessel at Newburyport, and sailed up the Hennebeck river to Fort Western, now Augusta Me. there they disembarked and took to boats, with their provisions and stores aboard,

then went up the river to the Great Carrying Place, so called, then landed and went twelve miles over land to the head of Dead River, carrying their boats and provisions. four men carrying a barrel of flour suspended by ropes from two poles, the boats turned bottom up, and carried on the mens shoulders. Thus they traveled thru the unbroken wilderness.

Arriving at the head of Dead river, they divided their provisions and each man took his share. Then they traveled five miles over the highlands to a river that runs into Shedak pond, followed it down to the pond, went around the east~~y~~ and north sides of the pond, until they came to Chaudiere river in Canada, the outlet of the pond. Traveled down the east side of the pond ten or twelve days, to the French Settlements, which they reached the ninth of November, followed the river St. Laurence down to Point Levi.

On the 13th of Nov. they crossed the river and went to the Plains of Abraham. But not having a force strong enough to attack the enemy, they went up the river eleven miles to Point Aux Tremblers and staid there until Gen. Montgomery came down from Montreal with cannon and mortars.

While traveling thru the wilderness their provisions became exhausted and many of the men suffered for want of food. After their ~~###~~ provisions were divided at the head of Dead River many of the men were not economical with their food and consequently they were without anything to eat. He (Fellows) happened to kill a partridge which he cooked making a supper and breakfast out of the broth and carried meat along for future meals, and by so doing he did not suffer as much as many of the others. The men dug roots and cooked and ate them, and old dog that had followed the army was killed and eaten by hungry men even to the feet and tail, all was eaten. Many of them wore moccasins made out of raw moose hide, these

were boiled and eaten, the last few days before they reached the French Settlements, most of the men had nothing to eat. But after they reached the Settlements, they were as well supplied with food as their means would ~~allow~~ allow to so many men. In after life when relating ~~his~~ his war experiences, he said, "the French were good to the American soldiers".

On the 13th day of Dec. 1775 they moved down to Quebec, starting at two O'clock in the morning and gained the Plains of Abraham by daylight and began the attack. Gen. Montgomery leading the attack fell in the first fire. Gen. Morgan, his successor, pressed on the attack until unable to advance in the face of such tremendous odds, ~~he~~ took refuge in the neighboring houses where he was finally compelled to surrender. Gen. Arnold on the other side of the city was severely wounded in one of his legs while bravely fighting at the head of his troops and was borne to the rear.

Cap't. Morgan with sixty men (of which Fellows was one, as related by himself) "went to within twenty rods of the palace gate, and discharged a mortar five times at the city. They (the enemy) fired upon them with double headed shot". This was about the last battle. His regiment then retreated and went into a house and kept guard as long as they staid there.

The small-pox broke out among the troops just before the battle and the little army was fast being disabled, ~~and~~ therefore Gen. Montgomery decided to attack the stronghold at once and as it proved with disastrous results.

About the middle of Jan. 1776 ^{for} al, Gen. Arnold's men that were not taken prisoner ~~and~~ left Montreal

After reaching that place, the time for which he had enlisted having expired, he (Fellows) was discharged with several others. They left Montreal with their baggage for Fort Chambly in Canada, where

he enlisted for a second time for two and one-half months. After serving this time out he was detained in the service for four weeks, then discharged.

He and his comrad, John Bowen, and others started for home on foot, thru the new country. Yankee tricks cropped out occasionally. One day a man killed a partridge and another killed a crow and they skinned them both and put the partridges skin on the crows body and sold the false partridge at the first tavern they came to for some rum.

He arrived home about the first of June and resumed his labors on the farm.

In April 1777 he enlisted for the third time, for three years as orderly Sargeant in Cap't. Greys company, and Col. Alexander Scammels regiment. At the same time eleven other men from Salisbury, N. H. enlisted, namely: Eph Heath¹, Benj. Howard, D. Fitch, Matthew Greeley, Philip Lufkins¹, Josiah Snow², Wm. Bailly¹, John Ash, ##### Josiah Smith, Ruben Greeley¹, and Joseph Webster. They went directly to fort Ticonderoga where they kept garrison until the night of the fifth of July following, when they evacuated the fort and it fell into the hands of the British under Gen. Burgoyne, who took possession at daybreak.

From there they went to Fort Ann, he (Fellows) was in the battle of the Block House. From Fort Ann they went to Fort Edward, arrived about midnight and slept by the side of the fence. He was taken sick with fever and ague and was taken to the hospital at Albany N. Y.

He left the hospital about the 12th of August and joined his

1- Died of disease at Valley Forge in Mar. & Apr. 1778

2- Wounded at the battle of Stillwater, Sep't. 19th 1777.

regiment at Stillwater, thence they went to Bennington Vt. At this time the regiment was under General John Stark.

On the 16th of August 1777 he fought in the battle of Bennington. They defeated General Baum taking several hundred prisoners, and lost only seventy men all told. The British lost twice that number in killed. Gen. Baum was mortally wounded during the battle.

After the Battle of Bennington they went to Bemis Heights near Stillwater which they fortified.

On the 19th of Sep't. following, about ten o'clock in the afternoon, the British army advanced to the attack in three columns, Gen Burgoyne commanded the center, Gen. Fraser the right wing, Gens. Phillips and Ridesell the left wing, while upon the flanks hundred Tories, Canadians and Indians. Gen. Gates sent out Cap't. Morgan with his riflemen and Maj. Dearborn with his light infantry.

Cap't. Morgan passed unobserved thru a piece of woods driving back a party of Canadians and Indians, and unexpectedly came upon the main body of British troops. His men were scattered and for a moment he was left alone, but a shrill whistle brought his ~~sharpshooters~~ sharpshooters around him. At this moment O'Neilley and Scammel coming to his aid with the New Hampshire regiments, a sharp contest ensued for a time then came a lull in the battle. The British brought up their cannon and the Patriots (brought up) the Connecticut militia under Gen. Cook. At three o'clock P. M. the fight began with great vigor. The patriots captured the British cannon and the British in turn rallied and recaptured them. This was done several times. The battle raged with great fury until darkness compelled the Patriots to quietly to their

entrenchments. Twice during the evening there was sharp skirmishes, and the last Patriot did not leave the field until 11 o' clock. The Patriots lost about 400 men, the British 500. In one battery of the British three fourths of the artillerymen #### were killed, or wounded and every officer save one was struck by bullets of the American riflemen.

The armies lay within cannon shot of each other until the 7th of Oct. when the British marched out of their works and formed in double ranks within a mile of the American camp and awaited events.

Cap't. Morgan with his riflemen, Poor's New Hampshire brigade and Dearborn's light infantry was ordered to attack. Steadily the New Hampshire troops mounted up the slopes, received one volley and with a shout dashed forward to the very cannons mouth. So fierce was the fight that one ##### piece was taken and re-taken several times. The British lines finally broke. At the second charge of Gen. Arnold at the head of part of Learned's brigade the British center gave way and the Patriots urged the pursuit to the entrenchments of the enemy.

At midnight Gen. Burgoyne evacuated a part of his entrenchments, and the next day renewed his retreat, but finding himself hemmed in on all sides he finally surrendered with all his arms and stores, Oct. 17th 1777. The officers were sent to Albany in charge of Gen. Poors Brigade. Thus ended the battle of Saratoga.

After the battle his (Fellows) regiment went to Fishkill, from there they marched to White Marsh to join Gen. Washington. They lost their provisions and tents at an alarm on the way.

While they were at White Marsh, Gen. Howe with 14,000 British troops left Philadelphia to surprise Gen. Washington but found him strongly entrenched, and after vainly trying to draw him out and fight him (not daring to attack the stronghold of Washington) finally withdrew

From Whire Marsh they went to Valley Forge, starting on the journey Dec. 11th 1777. It was a painful march of eight days. On the 18th they held Thanksgiving.

On reaching their destination they were obliged to build their own winter quarters. The troops immediately began to cut down the trees and build log houses. Each house was sixteen by fourteen feet. The space if any between the logs was chinked with pieces of wood and plastered with mud inside and out. The fireplaces and chimneys were laid up with sticks and plastered with the same clay mud, on both sides. The roofs were covered with split planks or thatched with hemlock, pine, or cedar boughs. When new the houses were comfortable.

While this work was going on Washington received news that the enemy was making a sortie towards Chester. On orders being issued for the troops to be ready to march the men mutinied, they having been without bread for three days and meat for two. Washington on learning the facts pitied the famished soldiers, who were without food, clothing or blankets and did not make them march out of their poor quarters.

The winter at Valley Forge was the darkest period of all "that time that tried men's souls".

The men were encamped in cold comfortless huts. Frequently there was only one suit of ^{clothes} ~~clothes~~ for two men, which they would take turns wearing. Barefoot they left their tracks in blood on the frozen ground. Few had blankets, numbers were compelled to sit by their fires all night. Their fuel they were obliged to go into the woods and cut and carry on their backs to their huts. Straw could not be had. Soldiers ~~enfeebled~~ enfeebled with hunger and benumbed ~~by~~ with cold were obliged to sleep on the bare ground, or at the best on a few boughs. Of course, sickness followed and within three

weeks two thousand men were unfit for duty. With no change of clothing, no suitable food, and no medicines death was a relief.

While Washington was walking with a distinguished foreign officer among the huts he heard voices thru the open crevices between the logs saying, "no pay, no clothes, no provisions, no rum".

Meat was not seen for a week at a time, and when it did appear the rib bones would frequently be round indicating "hoss beef".

Early in ~~####~~ Feb. ¹⁷⁷⁸, Baron Stuben arrived in camp and was received with great enthusiasm and soon the troops were drilling under his able supervision. He was very particular in every detail, himself inspecting each soldiers musket and equipment. He was obliged to use an interpreter to explain what he wanted to do or have done. When things did not go to suit him he would swear in German to the amusement of the soldiers.

Towards Spring a new quartermaster was appointed in the person of General Green and he soon changed the conditions of affairs. Provisions began to appear in camp and the half starved soldiers once more wore smiles and joked as of former times.

Gen. Clinton evacuated Philadelphia and went toward New York in order to concentrate the British forces.

The Patriot army left their winter quarters in Valley Forge, crossed the Delaware river and was ordered to join in pursuit of the enemy in "the Jerseys".

On the 27th of June 1778, the detachment to which he belonged was ordered to Monmouth. The next morning, the 28th, they met the enemy and a severe engagement was fought. During the battle he captured a British soldier with a horse, conducted him to the rear, delivered him to the proper authorities, and later succeeded in selling the horse for forty dollars.

That night Gen. Clinton under cover of darkness withdrew his troops.

Many soldiers died from heat alone during the battle the mercury standing at 96 in the shade.

A few days after the battle of Monmouth, they were ordered to White Plains. The intense heat made it necessary that they move very slowly. Numbers died from heat while crossing the Plains. Some of the men, when they came to wells or springs, drank so much water that they died from the result. He (Fellow) drank very sparingly, taking only small sips of water at a time.

He staid at White Plains until the last of August when he was taken sick and sent to the hospital at Tarrytown. After his recovery he returned to his regiment which soon went into winter quarters at Middlebrook, New Jersey.

The next summer the regiment was assigned to Gen. Sullivan's command, to go on an expedition against the Indians in the western part of New York state. It was late in August 1779 when Gen. Sullivan's army moved northward from Wyoming, Pa. up the Susquehanna river, drawing their stores and artillery up the river in a hundred and fifty boats. At Tioga, N. Y. they were joined by General Clinton with one thousand New York troops who had marched from Albany, up the Mohawk river, and Canajoharie Creek to Otsego Lake, thence down the east branch of the Susquehanna to Tioga.

On the 29th of August the combined force assended the Chemug river. On reaching a place called Hogs-Back they found the Indians, strongly entrenched, under Brandt, Cornplanter, and Red Jacket. They were supported by tories under Sir. John Johnson and the Butlers. They numbered about eight hundred and were in a very strong position. Their ~~##~~ works were carefully concealed by green boughs planted in front. Gen. Sullivan at once ordered an attack, which was done in fine atyle on two sides. The Indians were driven out of their trenches, and leaping from tree to tree and rock to rock they slowly gave way before the heavy fire of the Continental tropps. They were very much alarmed at the artillery fire but disputed every inch of ground. Gen. Poor and Gen Clinton swept the hill at the point of the bayonet. The whole body of Indiana and Tories fled in confusion. Thus ended the Battle of Chemung. (This battle was fought about seven miles from where the city of Elmira N.Y. now stands)

After the Battle of Chemung the ~~#####~~ American troops marched up the valley of the Susquenna river about seven miles to an Indian village called Conawawak and destroyed it. Then they proceeded to a village called Queen Catherines Town, near the head of the Seneca Lake. It was a Seneca Indian village and laid out very much as are the "white" villages, having frame houses many of which were painted and had chimneys. The torch was applied and everything destroyed.

They continued marching thru the country from the Chemung to the ~~####~~ ~~#####~~ Genesee river, destroying orchards, fields of corn and burning villages. Their course was north westernly, passing around the foot of Hemlock lake, thence around the head of Conesus Lake in what is now Livingston county. They camped at the head of Conesus Lake and the old inhabitants say thet Gen. Sullivan sank a cannon in the lake to avoid dragging it back East. The gun was no doubt unfit for service.

They continued on a westernly course to the valley of the Genesee River. When they entered the valley the Indians, having hidden their women and children in the forest, were laying in wait on the flats toward the head of Conesus Lake. They were quickly put to flight, however, by the vanguard of the American forces. On approaching Little Beardstown, Lieut. Boyd was sent forward with a party of men to reconnoiter. On his return he fell into an ambush prepared by Brants Indians, nearly all of his men were killed and he was taken prisoner, carried back into the forest where he was burned at the stake.

The army extended its front over the valley, and moved slowly down the Genesee river destroying everything in which it came in contact. The town of Genesee, the capitol of the Six Nations, was destroyed. They then turned Eastward, destroying the village of Canandaigua, at the head of the lake by that name, also Schoyere, near Cayuga lake, and Honeoye village. In all forty Indian villages were destroyed. All orchards were laid waste and 150,000 bushels of corn destroyed.

Before they reached Wyoming again, their forage gave out and Gen. Sullivan ordered several hundred horses killed. The place where this was done has since been called Horse Heads.

This campaign was a severe blow to the Indians, and they were completely subdued for a time but they swore vengeance upon Washington whom they called "The Town Destroyer".

After they returned from the expedition Gen. Sullivan's forces went into winter quarters at Morristown, N. J. where they suffered much more than they did at Valley Forge. There was great lack of proper food and clothing, the troops being obliged to go for thirty six days on half rations or less.

The Continental money was depreciated so that forty dollars

in bills was worth only one of silver. A pair of boots cost six hundred dollars in bills. A soldiers pay for six months would hardly buy a dinner.

Washington was forced to make requisitions upon the inhabitants of the surrounding country for food and raiment for his men. The farmers voluntarily sent in provisions, shoes, coats and blankets. Women met together and knit stockings and made clothing.

When spring came the time for which he (Fellows) had enlisted having expired he was discharged as an ~~Orderly Sergeant~~ Orderly Sergeant at West Point on the 20th of April 1780. He returned to his home at Salisbury, N. H. bringing his gun and equipment consisting of a bayonet, scabbard and belt, a cartridge box (made of a block of wood with holes bored in it for the cartridges, the whole covered with leather with a flap to raise and get the cartridges out), a large knapsack, a canteen (holding about three pints and made like a little barrel with staves and hooped with wooden hoops), a bullet pouch, spare flints and a priming rod.

During his term of service he was vaccinated with smallpox virus and had that disease in a mild form.

During the year of 1780, according to the records of the Town of Salisbury, he enlisted a fourth time for three years service but for some reason did not again go to the front. The bounty demanded and paid was chiefly in cows at the rate of four cows at twelve dollars each for each year of service.

In November 1781 his name appears ~~on~~ on the town record among a list of soldiers enlisting for three months service. It would appear from this that he had served five enlistments of varying length. He was also chosen one of the seven men of Salisbury

His name appears in the list of taxpayers in Salisbury for the year# 1775 also in the Ministerial Tax list for 1798, assessed \$s 10d. He was elected one of the selectmen (town board) of the town of Salisbury in 1794 -95 -96 and 97.

In afterlife when his old comrade visited him to talk over old times and to drink of his "good cider" it was "Sergeant Fellows" but his neighbors knew him better as "Uncle Mose".

He spent his last years ## on the farm he had cleared up as a young man. A good farmer, an honorable man, his word was as good as his bond. He was of sound judgment and his opinion was often sought on questions which would arise in the neighborhood.

The records show that he applied for a pension May 9th 1818 but it was not granted to Revolutionary War soldiers until Congress passed the act of June 7th 1832. The first certificate issued him was number 3670, dated Dec. 29th 1832, to commence Mar. 4th 1831. He drew one hundred dollars annually.

He died of dropsey after a long illness, and was buried in the southwest corner of the cemetery at the South Road village in Salisbury, N. H.

On the 5th of July 1886, forty years after his interment, his decendents by contributions erected a granite monument over his remains the inscriptions on which read as follows:

Moses Fellows

Died Jan 30th 1846. Aged 90 Yrs. 5months and 21 days.

A soldier in the Revolution. He fought at the Battle of Bunker Hill and during the war was Sergt. of a company from this vicinity under Gen. Stark, at the Battles of Benning and Saratoga.

Sara Fellows

Wife of Moses Fellows. Died July 18, 1863. Aged 100years, 7months, 22days.

His wife Sara was the Deaughter of Ruben Stevens of Plaistow, N. H. On the aniversary of her onehundreth birthday Nov. 26th ~~###~~ 1862, Polly (Sanders) Fellows her daughter-in-law assisted by friends and neighbors gave a party for her, inviting the oldest people in town of her acquaintance. Relatives and decendents were also invited, five generations ~~###~~ being represented, mother, children, ~~###~~ grandchildren, great grandchildren and one great great grandchild.

2 2
CHILDREN OF JOHN AND MARY (TUCKER) (HENNISTON) FELLOWS BORN AT SALISBURY N. H.

(19) Richard (3) Bn. Aug 19, 1767. (20) Daniel (3) Bn Feb 12th 1769. Mrd ~~###~~ Nov. 28th 128th 1789 Susan Stevens. Died at Salisbury on the old farm May 7th 1863. (21) Isaiah (3) Bn Apr. 29, 1771. Married and removed to Stewartstown N. H. (22) Mehitable (3) Bn 1773. (23) Phebe (3) Bn 1775.

FOURTH GENERATION

CHILDREN OF (14) MOSES (3) AND SARA (STEVENS) FELLOWS BORN AT SALISBURY.

(24) Hezekiah (4) Bn Dec. 1782. Died June 16th 1883.

(25) Hezekiah (4) Bn June 18th 1784. Died at Boscawen now Webster, N. H. Oct. 10th 1861 aged 77years. Mrd. Dec 13th 1806 to Parmela F. Senter. He was a merchant dealing in general merchandise. Was elected to the state legislature in 1810, 1824, 1825. Removed to Boscawen in 1820 and settled on Corser Hill. Elected town clerk for 38 years.

(26) Moses (4) Bn. Jan 26, 1786. Died at Salisbury N. H. Mar. 20th 1864. Mrd. 1st Miriam Bean, Feb. 8th 1813, who was born at Salisbury, N. H. Dec. 10th 1791 and died there July 2d 1814. Mrd. 2d Mehitable Eastman of Salisbury who was born Sept 25th 1793 and died at Boscawen N. H. June 7th 1836. Mrd 3d her sister Lucia Eastman Jan 14th 1839 who was born Aug 3d 1800 and died at Salisbury N. H. Dec 8th 1872. He was a carpenter by trade and followed the trade ~~##~~ during his life except ten years when he was in partnership with his brother in the mercantile business, (1820-1830) in Boscawen.

He was elected to the town board in 1825 and held that position for seven years succeeding. Was elected to the State Legislature in 1835. Was captain in the state militia in Boscawen. Removed back to Salisbury 1840. Was elected selectman in Salisbury for two terms.

(27) Ruben (4) Bn. Oct. 12th 1787 Died at Canterbury N. H. Jan 6th 1877. Mrd Aug 8th ~~1810~~ 1810 Sarah ~~Emery~~ Emery who was born at Canterbury, N. H. ~~Nov. 12th 1786~~ Nov. 12th 1786 and Died at the same place Apr. 20th 1879. He was a shoe maker by trade.

(28) Ebenezer (4) Bn. Jan 21 1790. Died at Hemlock Lake N. Y. Jan 21, 1857. Mrd Elizabeth (Skellenger) Coe who was born near Philadelphia, Pa. Mar. 15th 1790 and died at Greenville, Mich Mar 6, 1867. He was a carpenter and joiner by trade. In 1814 he moved to Livonia, N. Y. He enjoyed the distinction of walking forty miles and doing a days work. Having work in Batavia, N. Y. and living at Lavonia, forty miles distant, he arose at three O'clock in the morning walked from his home to Batavia, and arriving at noon did a journeymans days work making sash after he arrived on the job.

Born ~~##~~ Nov 7th ~~##~~ 1791. Died at Riceville, Iowa Aug. 28 1878.
(29) JAMES STEVENS (4)

Married Mary Galef of Salisbury, N. H. who was born Dec. 6th 1791 and died at Webster, N. H. June 22, 1858. He was a ~~###~~ Carpenter by trade but later in life confined himself to the operation of his farm near Gerser Hill, Boscawen, now Webster, N. H. When a young man he and his brother Ebenezer would walk from their home in Salisbury N. H. to Livonia, N. Y. a distance of 500 miles where they would work at their trade during the summer walking back in the fall. This they did several times walking from forty to eighty miles a day.

(30) Sarah (4) Bn Dec 4th 1793. Dd at Livonia N. Y. July 18, 1865. Mrd Dec. 20th 1808 to John Burleigh at Salisbury N. H. who was Bn there about Apr. 26 1789 and died at Livonia N. Y. May 27, 1866.

(31) Samuel (4) Bn Nov 28 1795. Died at Oakfield N. Y. ---- Married Betsey Williams.----- Was a carpenter by trade and in later years ran a saw mill at Oakfield, N. Y. He was a very strong young man. When an apprentice he carried a bundle of one thousand shingles up a ladder on to the roof of a two story house. He was an expert wrestler.

(32) Elizabeth (4) Bn Sept 14th 1797. Died at Livonia N. Y. --- 1871. Married John Turrill of Canterbury N. H. who was born 1793 and died ----- at Livonia, N. Y.

(33) Polly (4) Bn Feb 8, 1800. Died at Webster N. H. Feb 9, 1862. ~~Married May 9, 1820 David Call of Boscawen.~~

(34) Parmele (4) Bn Apr 3 1802. Died at Salisbury N. H. Oct 20, 1853. Mrd Apr 3, 1823, Elipalet Little who was born in Boscawen, N. H. Aug. 10th 1798 and died at Salisbury N. H. July 17th 1884. He was a shoe maker by trade. Was a drummer in the state militia for years until ~~abolished~~ was abolished in 1851.

~~Adonijah~~ (35) Adonijah (4) Bn Mar 17 1804 Died at Livonia N. Y

Apr. 25th 1864. Mrd 1st Polly Fitzgerald of Boscawen, N. H. who was born Aug. 3, 1841 and who died at Livonia N. Y. Aug 3, 1841. Married 2d Diadanie (Richardson) Payne of Livonia in Feb 1847. She died Oct 23 1853. ^{3d} Mrd Mary Burr of Livonia. Was a carpenter by trade.

(36) Pierce (#) Bn July 3d 1807. Died at Salisbury N. H. Apr 29rg 1862. Married Oct 2d 1831 Polly Sanders of Grafton N. H. Who was born Dec 13th 1810 and died at Salisbury N. H. May 31, 1881. Was a farmer and operated the old homestead. Lame due to an accident while chopping wood.

FIFTH GENERATION

GRANDCHILDREN OF (14) MOSES (3) AND SARAH (STEVENS) FELLOWS. BORN IN SALISBURY N. H.

(37) Malome (5) Bn July 26th 1807 Died Jan 23 1823 at Boscawen N. H.

(38) A son born July 11, 1809 Died Sep't 30 1809.

(39) Catherine (5) Bn Sept 30 1810. Died Mar 8th 1913.

(40) Ebenezer S (5) Bn ---- 1813 Died Oct 13 ~~1829~~ 1829

(41) John (5) Bn Oct 7th 1815 Died at Concord N. H. 1873. He was a graduate of Dartmouth College, Medical Dep't., and practiced for years in Loudon and later in Concord N. H. Married ~~####~~ Lenora Wellington Hosmer of Boscawen who was born Oct 11 1816 died Feb 4th 1877.

(42) Moses (5) ~~####~~ Born Mar 11 1818 Died July 14 1819.

BORN AT BOSCAWEN, N. H.

(43) Cathrine Ann (5) May 6th 1820. Mrd Feb 23 1837 Horace Gleason of Chelsea, Mass. He was a lawyer by profession.

(44) Lucy Senter (5) Bn May 27 1822. Died at Boscawen Oct. 4, 1846.

(45) George Riley (5) Bn Apr 29 1824. Married Fanny B Wheeler of Nashua, N. H. Enlisted in Co. A 8th Reg't. N. H. Vol. Inf. for the

of the Rebellion. Died in hospital Carrolton, Ala. Dec. 13 1862.

(46) Salome (5) Bn Aug 25 1827. Died at Minneapolis, Minn. Jan 2 1901. Married David A Macurdy of Webster N. H. Jan 5th 1852. Macurday was born at Dunbarton N. H. June 23 1832. He was a merchant. Inlisted in in war of the Rebellion and was promoted to the rank of Captain, commanding Co. H. 14th Reg't. N. H. sevral years. They removed to Minneapolis 1878.

CHILDREN BORN TO (26) MOSES (4) AND MEHITABLE (EASTMAN) FELLOWS.

BORN AT BOSCAWEN.

(47) Miriam (5) Bn Mar 16th 1819. Married Hiram Gage of Penacook N. H. Jan 26 1843. She died Oct 1 1875.

(48) ~~#####~~ Caroline Bn Aug 21 1821 Married F. W. Gile of Littleton N. H.

(49) Charles Morris (5) Bn Dec 16 1824. Died at Boston Mass --- 1878. Mrd Rebecca Eastman deaughter of Moses Eastman of Salisbury N. H. Was a merchant in Boston.

CHILDREN OF (27) RUBEN (4) AND SARAH (Emery) FELLOWS. Born in CANTERBURY, N. H.

(50) Emily Morrill (5) Bn Feb 12 1811 Married Jesse Haley of Cambridgeport, Mass. Aug 25 1833. He was a tinsmith and hardware merchant. She studied medicine and had an extensive practice in the vicinity of Boston.

(51) Sara Ann (5) Bn Nov 12 1812 Died at Canterbury N. H. Feb 7 1850. Unmarried.

(52) Elizabeth Emery (5) Bn Nov 14th 1814. Died at Canterbury N. H. ~~#####~~ Aug. 26 1881. Married Joseph Moody Foster of Canterbury, N.H Oct 16th 1837, who was born Jan 5 1811 and died at Canterbury Aug 12 1896. He was a carpenter and joiner by trade.

(53) Ensign Sargent (5) Bn Nov 21 1816 Died at ~~#####~~ Boston, Mass.

Jan 5 1887. Married Abby Johnson Weston Apr 13 1840. He was a tinsmith and hardware merchant at Boston.

(Abby Johnson Weston was a daughter of Elija and Temperance (Johnson) Weston. Wlijah Weston was a decendent of Edmond Weston one of the first settlers in ~~plympton~~ Plympton Mass. Abby Johnson was a direct decendent of ~~James Standish~~ Miles Standish and of George Soule who came over in the Mayflower)

(54) Mary Hale (5) Bn Sept 1 1818 Died Mar 14 1902. Married Jonathan Bradley Foster of Canterbury N. H. Dec 5 1839. He was a farmer.

(55) Moses Augustus (5) Bn Dec 8 1820. Died July 10 1822.

(66)

(56) Moses Augustus (5) Bn Nov 13 1822. Married Augusta Ann (5) Fellows who was born Aug 5 1826 and died at Boscawen N. H. May 28 1891. He was a contractor and builder in Boston, Mass. for a number of years.

(57) Susanna Emery (5) Bn Jan 26 1825 Died at Centerbury N. H.

Apr 1 1882. Married 1849 James Dearborn of Centerbury.

(58) Ruben Lyman (5) Bn Sept. 8 1827 Died at Concord N. H. Feb 8 1899. Married Jane Marsh Smith of Canterbury N. H. Who was born Mar. 29 1829 and died at Concord N. H. Feb 7 1878. He was a big contractor and builder in Boston and other large cities. Built the Statehouse in Concord.

Augusta
(59) ~~Augusta~~ Caroline (5) Dec 4 1827 Died Oct 16 1846. Unmarried.

~~CHILDREN~~ CHILDREN OF (28) Ebenezer (4) AND ELIZABETH (SKELLENGER) (COE) FELLOWS. BORN AT HEMLOCK LAKE, N. Y.

(60) Moses Skellenger (5) Bn Nov 8 1814 Died ----- Married Fanny Frost of Richmonod N. Y. Was a joiner by trade.

(61) Lucius (5) Bn July 8 1819 Died at Blanchard, Mich. Mar 28 1891. Married Sarah Hanckett of Hemlock Lake, N. Y. Removed to Michigan in 1865. Was a carpenter and joiner by trade.

(62) Sarah Ann (5) Born Oct 30 1821 Died at Hemlock Lake N. Y. Sept

23d, 1865. Married Mard Worling Gregg of Livonia, N. Y.

(63) Harriet (5) Bn Dec 29 1829 Married Albert Rozell of Lyons, N.Y.

CHILDREN OF ⁽²⁹⁾JAMES STEVENS(4) and Mary (CALEF) FELLOWS. BORN AT BOSCAWEN N. H.

(64) Mary Jane (5) Bn June 13 1822. Died at Webster N. H. June -- 1885. Unmarried.

(65) JAMES CALEF (5) Bn July 7th 1824 Died at Riceville, Ia. Feb 8, 1896. Married Eliza M. Karr at Altona Penn who was born Aug 12, 1834 at County Londonderry, Ireland and died at Riceville., Ia. May 3, 1898. He was a mason by trade and worked in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and other large cities.

(66) ~~###~~ Augusta Ann (5) Bn Aug 5, 1826. Died at Bossawen N. H. (56)
May 28 1891. Married Moses Augustus Fellows (5).

(67) Franklin (5) Bn May 8 1829. Married 1st Martha Jane Macurdy of Webster N. H. who was born at Dunbarton N. H. Feb 2, 1834. (See Appendix) Married 2d Emeline E Townsend Oct 16th 1877 who was born at Cederburg Wis Apr. 29 1832. He was a mason by trade. Went to Calif. via Cape Horn Mar 1849. Arrived there in 1850 and worked in the mines at Sandy Gulch two years or more. Returned to New Hampshire in the winter or spring of 1853, and resumed his trade. He removed to Riceville, Ia. Died Mar 6 1901.

(68) Harris (5) Bn Mar 21 1835 (weighed three pounds and five ounces as recorded in the town record). Died at Riceville, Ia. May 1892. Married Sept. 29 1868 Mary Jane Eastman who was born----- and died at Riceville Mar. 25 1882. He graduated from the medical department of Dartmouth College. Was a student under the eminent surgeon Prof. Alphas Benjamin Crosby. He was lame from boyhood, having a bad knee. Developed into a skillful practitioner and had an extensive practice.

(30)

(4)

CHILDREN OF SARAH FELLOWS AND JOHN BURLEIGH BORN AT SOLISBURY N.H.

(69) John Langdon (5) Bn. Nov. 17th 1811. Died at Avon N. Y.

Aug 31 1893. Mrd 1st Roxana Hazard of Pittsford N. Y. who died at Avon N. Y. Dec 16th 1848. Mrd. 2d Mar 12 1850 Mary Son who was born at Chatham N. Y. Oct 30 1825. And died -----.

Served as canal commissioner for the Genesee Valley canal for four years. Was a Royal Arch Mason.

(70) Catherine (5) Bn April 12, 1815 Died at Lavonia, N. Y. Aug 3

~~1866~~ 1869. Mrd. Nov. 18 1847 Joseph P. Wiggin of Rochester N. Y. who was born at Dover N. H. Feb. 12, 1803 and died at Rochester N Y Apr. 18 1865. He was superintendent of the Monroe county insane Asylum, for a number of years.

BORN AT LAVONIA N. Y.

(71) Harriet (5) Bn. May 17 1818. Died at Kane Pa. Feb 18 1887. Unm.

She taught school for over forty years, in the Western House of Refuge for boys at Rochester, N. Y. and in a similar institution in New York City.

(72) Joseph Franklyn (5) Bn Mar 24 1824. Died -----. Mard. 1st

Hannah Maynard at Williamstown N. Y. Oct 28 1847. She was born Feb 5 1826 and died at Lavonia N. Y Aug 9, 1894. Married 2d Susan B. Underwood at Adrian Mich Aug 27 1856. She was born at Palmyra N. Y. Mar 27 1831.

He removed to Mazon Ill. in the spring of 1858 and turned his ~~attention~~ attention to farming and stock raising. Was the original breeder of Polled Durham cattle. It took him over twenty years to breed the horns of the short horn Durham herd. He was elected county supervisor and held that office all during the troublesome times of the Rebellion.

(73) Elizabeth Ann Maria (5) Bn Feb 12 1829. Mrd 1st John Quincy

Adams of Avon N.Y who died in 1860? Mrd 2d John ~~Little~~ (99) John Pierce (5)

at Ann Arbor, Mich Nov 26 1861 who was born at Colebrook N. H. Apr 8 1831.
CHILDREN OF (31) SAMUEL (4) AND BETSEY (WILLIAMS) FELLOWS, BORN AT
OAKFIELD N. Y.

(47) Betsey (5) Bn Oct 30 1819

(75) Meeline (5) Bn July 5 1823

(76) Mary Jane (5) Apr 22 1825

(77) Sally (5) Bn Jan 30 1827

(78) Samuel (5) Bn Mar 17 1829

(79) Loeza Jannette (5) Bn Jan 24 1831

(80) Franklin (5) Bn Apr 16 1832

(81) Harriet (5) Bn Jan 28 1834

(82) James (5) Bn June 23 1836. (resides at Vicksburg Mich)

(83) Lavonia (5) Bn Nov 17 1837

(84) John (5) July 2 1841. (Resides at Rockford Ill)

CHILDREN OF (32) ELIZABETH (4) FELLOWS AND JOHN TURRILL BORN AT
LIVONIA, N. Y.

(85) Mary Meele (5) Bn Aug 19 1822. Died at Hueneme Cal. Dec 1888. Unm.

(86) Edith Pierce (5) Bn July 11 1830 Died at Lavonia N. Y. Apr. 1865.

Married Clark Burdick of Lavonia N. Y. 1850.

(87) Eliza Jane (5) ----- died young

(88) William Monroe (5) Born May 5 1823. Died at Lavonia N. Y. 1861.

Md Oct. 12 1859 Minerva Hilliard of Livonia N. Y. Was a carpenter by
trade. Went to Mexico in the spring of 1858 to work ~~#####~~ on a govt
road under Wheeler Pratt of Livonia. Returned Apr 1859 health impaired.

(89) John Murry (5) Bn Oct 4 1838. Died at Orange Cal. Aug 10 1887.

Married (218) Mary Elizabeth (6) Briggs at Lavonia N. Y. Apr 5 1869,
who was born at Mendon N. Y. Nov 17 1847. He was a carpenter by trade.
He enlisted in the 136 Reg't. N. Y. Vol. Company C. His Reg't. was
assigned to the Army of the Cumberland, and was in the Atlanta

campaign. He was in many a hard battle. At Resaca the
leavely, having only 19 guns after the battle. Fought
Tree Creek and in the trenches before Atlanta. The Reg
General Shermans left wing on his famous march to the sea
came home at the close of the war having never received a
but his health was impaired.

CHILDREN OF (33) POLLY (4) FELLOWS AND DAVID GALL BORN AT BOSCAWEN
NOW WEBSTER N. H.

(90) Sarah Elizabeth (5) Bn July 2 1821 Died at Penacook N. H.
Mar 31 1881. Mrd. Apr 1847 ~~Abial Rolf~~ Abial Rolf of Fisherville
now Penacook N. H.

(91) Alvira (5) Bn Oct 31 1824 Died at Newburyport Mass Mar
1848. Married Joseph B Coulliard at Newburyport Mass Mar 1847.

(92) Levi (5) Bn Mar 20 1827 Married Mary A McCoy at Concord N.H.
They reside there.

(93) Mary (5) Bn June 29 1830. Mrd Oct 27 1861 John C. Abbott at
San Francisco Cal. He died at Nevada City Cal. May 18 1881.

(94) Royal Harris (5) Bn Oct 7 1833 Mrd Mar 20 1861 Sarah J
Currier at Lowell Mass. He was a merchant at Lawrence Mass.

(95) Emily Stevens (5) Bn Nov 3 1835. Mrd Nathaniel R Greeley
at Lawrence Mass.-----

(96) Phebe Jane (5) Bn Mar 19 ~~1841~~ 1841 Mrd Jan 1 1881 James Rose ~~##~~
Wapneton, N. D. ----

CHILDREN OF (34) Parmele (4) (FELLOWS) AND ELIPHALET LITTLE BORN
AT BOSCAWEN N. H.

(97) Moses Fellows (5) Bn Aug 31 1823. Mrd 1st Feb 19 1852
Mary Caroline Shaw, deaughter of Diamond Shaw of Salisbury N. H.
She was born Jan 6th 1828 and Died at Hill, N. H. Jan 22, 1856.
Mrd 2d Lucy Lane Shaw deaughter of Sanborn Shaw of Salisbury
N. H. Apr 17 1856. She was born Nov 22 1833, and died at Hill N. H.
Feb 17 1869. Mrd 3d (103) Mary Turrill (5) (Fellows) (Briggs)
Payne of Livonia N. Y. October 4 1869 at Rochester N.Y. She was
born Oct. 22 1824.

Agustus M. Call

When twenty years of age he and a chum, ~~Agustus M. Call~~
shipped aboard a whaleing ship "Arnolda", at New Bedford, Mass.
for a four years voyage in the pacific. They had many narrow
wacapes but returned safely April 1848. In March 1849 he joined
the Sagmore Mining and Trading Co. of Lynn Mass. for the purppse
of Mining and trading in Cal. They went overland across the plains
purchasing their mules and wagons and outfit at StLouis and their
arms at Fort Levenworth. Before they got half way accross the
company desolved, every man for himself, but all kept together
for mutual protection. Tools of all kinds were abandoned on the
plains. Many of their mules died and their wagons broke down or
fell to pieces. He and a chum David Morrill were the only ones of
the fifty two men who drove their mules thru to Sacramento city,
where they sold them for a good price. He went into the mines and
worked until the winter of 1852, when he returned east and went
into the mercantile business at Hill, N. H. He also engaged in
the lumber and shingle business and owned a small saw mill. He
lost his right hand thru an accident in the mill July 5, 1876.
He learned to write with his left hand in a short time and continued
his mercantile business until Jan 1 1901, when he sold his store
and retired from business.

(98) S^lome Fellows (5) Born Aug 9 1825 and died at Bedford N H

Dec 12 1897. Mrd Feb 7 1847 George Foster of Warner N. H. who was born at Hudson N. H. Sep't 23 1821 and died at Bedford N. H. Mar 21 1881.

BORN AT COLEBROOK N.H.

(99) John Pierce (5) Bn Apr 8 1831, Mrd Nov 26 1861 (&3) Elizabeth Ann Maria (5) Burleigh at Ann Arbor Mich. She was born at Livonia N. Y. Feb 12 1829. He was a carpenter by trade. A Mason and a Knight Templar.

BORN AT SALISBURY, N. H.

(100) Sarah Elizabeth (5) Bn Dec 9 1839 ~~####~~ Married Sept 9 1854 Amos S Alexander at Salisbury who was born at Saco, Main, May 25 1827 and died at Chicago May 9 1877. He was a lawyer. Her last known address was Chicago.

(101) Ebenezer Langdon (5) Bn Apr 30 1837. Mrd. Dec 26 1861 Susan Cornelia Lamson at Windsor Vt. who was born July 24 1840. He graduated from the Michigan University (Literary Dept) class of 1861 and later from the Theological Seminary of Rochester, N. Y. Began preaching as an ordained minister in 1867 and continued the ministry until 1897 when his health failed and he was forced to seek out-of-door work. He later took the superintendency of a large farm at Alpena, Mich.

CHILDREN OF (35) ADONIJAH (4) AND POLLY (FRITZGERALD) FELLOWS, BORN AT BOSCAWEN N. H.

(102) Sarah Stevens (5) Bn Feb 23 1823 Died at New York City Nov. 1876. Mrd Daniel Briggs 1842 at Livonia. He was born at Mendon N. H.

~~#####~~ BORN AT LIVONIA, N.Y.

(103) Mary Turrill (5) Bn October 29 1824. Mrd 1st Jan. 17 1843 Robert W Briggs at Livonia N. Y. He was born at Mendon, N.Y. Oct 6 1819 and died in Ohio May 25 1850. (Killed in a runaway)

Mrd 2d July 5 1854 Chauncy R Payne at Livonia N. Y. He was born at Latonia, N. Y. Jan 6 1833 and died Mar 23 1864. Mrd 3d (97) Moses Fellows (5) Little of Hill N. Y. at Rochester, N. Y. Oct 4 1869.

(104) Abby (5) Bn Oct 19 1826. Died at Livonia Aug 17 1827.

(105) Abby Amanda (5) Bn July 16 1828. Died June 3 1850. Mrd Robert Wing of Mendon N. Y. 1847.

(106) Maria Lavany (5) Bn Aug 9 1830. Mrd Richard Priestly of Pittsford N. Y. 1858. Removed to Shepherd, Mich.

(107) John ##### Fitzgerald (5) Bn Dec 17 1831. Mrd Jane F Runion of Livonia N. Y. 1854. Removed to Michigan where he located in Jackson. Was a carpenter by trade.

(108) Adonijah (5) Bn June 24 1833. Died July 8 1833.

(109) James Monroe (5) Bn Aug 23 1834. Died Feb 13 1835.

(110) Jennie Eliza (5) Bn June 17 1836, Resides at Orange, Cal. Unmarried (1901)

(111) Adonijah (5) Bn Apr 2 1838. Learned the carpenter trade of his father. Enlisted in the 13 New York Vols Inf for the War of the Rebellion. Went to the front and was wounded in the foot. Discharged for disability, came home and while yet lame was drafted and compelled to go to the front where he was killed in a picket line June 2 1864.

(112) Lucy (5) Bn Sept 17 1839. Died Oct 7 1839

CHILDREN OF (35) ADONIJAH (4) AND DIADAMIA (RICHARDSON) (PAYNE) FELLOWS, BORN AT LIVONIA N. Y.

(113) Amelia (5) Bn Nov. 9 1849. Mrd 1st C^{as}. Wood. Mrd 2d George Wigent of Charlotte, Mich. a farmer.

CHILDREN OF (36) PIERCE (4) AND POLLY (SAUNDERS) FELLOWS. BORN AT SALISBURY, N. H.

(114) Elizabeth (5) Bn June 17 1832 Died at Penacook N. H. May 25 1899. Married Aug 2d 1882 to Wm Duckworth of Penacook, N. H.

(115) Samuel (5) Bn Mar 27 1834, Died Aug. 1843

(116) James B. (5) Bn Aug 28 1873. Died July 1850.

(117) Sarah (5) Bn Mar 2 1840. Died ----

(118) Frank J (5) Born Apr 27 1843.

(119) Geo W. (5) May 28 1846.

(120) Moses H (5) Bn June 21 1850.

(121) John Pierce (5) Bn Nov 27 1854. Died at Salisbury N. H. April 2, 1867.

SIXTH GENERATION

GREAT GRANDCHILDREN OF (14) MOSES (5) AND SARAH (STEVENS) FELLOWS. See page for children of Salome Fellows and David Macurdy.

CHILDREN OF ~~###~~ (52) ELIZABETH EMERY (5) FELLOWS AND JOSEPH MOODY FOSTER. BORN AT CANTERBURY N. H. (GRANDCHILDREN OF (27) RUBEN (4))

(122) Francis Elizabeth (6) Bn July 9 1842 Died June 12 1898. Mrd 1st Benj. Hileman July 7 1859 who died at Canterbury N. H. Nov. 6 1876. Mrd 2d Nathan French.

(123) Susan Augusta (6) Bn Mar 4 ~~1847~~ 1847. Mrd Jan 19 1871 Henry Hiram Housar. Resides at Canterbury N. H.

~~##~~

CHILDREN OF (56) MOSES AGUSTUS (5) AND (66) AGUSTA ANN (5) FELLOWS.
(27)
GRANDCHILDREN OF RUBEN (4)

(124) Sarah A (6) Oct 10 1847. Died ----- 1868

(125) Frank A (6) Oct 16 1849

(126) Moses A (6) Bn Oct 2 1852

(127) Agusta A ~~##~~ (6) Bn Apr 3 1857

CHILDREN OF (58) RUBEN LYMAN (5) AND JANE MARSH (SMITH) FELLOWS. GRAND-
CHILDREN OF (27) RUBEN (4)

(128) Emma Jane (6) Bn Feb 3 1852 Died Aug 13 1876.

(129) Charles Lyman (6) Bn Oct 14 1853 Died Sep't 23 1825.

(130) Mary Cordelia (6) Bn June 19 1855. Married Henry Holmes of
Boston, Mass.

(131) Charles Lyman (6) Bn Sept 25 1857. -----

(132) Henry Parker (6) Bn Feb 9 1866. Died Aug 7 1876.

(133) Etta Louise (6) Bn July 29 1867.

(60)

CHILDREN OF MOSES SKELLENGER (5) AND FANNY (FROST) FELLOWS. GRANDCHILDREN
OF (28) EBENEZER (4)

(134) Henry (6) Bn

Died at Richmond N. Y. 1852.

(135) Elizabeth (6) ----- Mrd Andrew Bacus of Livonia, N. Y.

Later removed to Garbondale, Ill where he died.

(136) Annis (6)

(137) Ann Aliza (6)

(138) Emma (6)

(139) Ada (6)

(140) Fanny (6)

CHILDREN OF (61) Lucius (5) and SARAH (HANCHETT) FELLOWS, BORN AT
(28)
HEMLOCK LAKE, N.Y. GRANDCHILDREN OF EBENEZER (4)

(141) Francis A (6) Bn Dec. 1, 1842 Dd at Smyrna, Ionia County, Mich. ,
Sep't. 2, 1879. Mrd. Oct. 28th 1866 Roswell Bliss of Hemlock Lake, N. Y.
at Livonia, N. Y. He was born Jan 8th 1841. He inlisted Aug 11 1862
in the 1st Regt N. Y. Mounted Rifles, war of the Rebellion, served
untill the close of the war. Was discharged June 5th 1865. (See 149
George Gregg 6).

(142) Julia E. (6) Bn June 16th 1845. Mrd Feb 10th 1867 John C Wolverton
who was born 1840 near Auburn, N. Y. He was a soldier in the war of \$
the Rebellion.

(143) George W (6) Bn June 26 1848 Died ----- Married Susan McClelen.

(144) Henry C (6) Bn Nov 28th 1851 at Rochester N. Y. Married Ida
(Osborn) Devine.

(145) ~~Abbie~~ Abbie (6) Bn at Hemlock Lake N. Y. October 11th 1855, died at
Ithaca, Mich. Jan 28, 1891. Married Nov 27th 1881 H. C. Morse.

(146) Olive F H. (6) Bn Dec 28th 1861 at Hemlock Lake, N. Y. Died-----?

CHILDREN OF (69) SARAH ANN (5) (FELLOWS) AND WORLING GREGG BORN AT HEMLOCK
(28)
LAKE N.Y. GRANDCHILDREN OF EBENEZER (4)

(147) Melvin E (6) Bn August 18 1839, Died at Hemlock Lake Dec. 15th
1853.

(148) Mortimer (6) Bn Jan 12th 1841. Mrd Hannah N Nichols of Lowell
Ind 1869. He inlisted in the 1st Reg't of Mounted Rifles, (N. Y.)
Aug 24 1862. Saw a great deal of action?

(149) George S (6) Bn June 12th 1843. Married Martha Raymond at Chicago,
Ill Aug 1st 1862. Jan 1 1870. He inlisted in the 1st Regt. N. Y
Mounted Rifles Sep't 1864. He received 1000 dollars bounty from the
town of Livonia, N. Y. from which he enlisted. Saw much action at the
front. His unit was a part of the Army of the Potomac.

- (150) Harriet E (6) Bn July 22 1846. Mrd Diogene Pettit.
 (151) Mary J. (6) Mrd. 27 1848 Dd at Lowell Ind. Mar 21 1879 1897.
 Mrd Wm C ~~Nichols~~ Nichols of Lowell Ind in 1871.
 (152) Charles E (6) Bn June 29 1851 Married ----- Woods of Ellsworth, Kan.
 (153) Elizabeth Ellen (6) Bn Mar 22 1853, Died at Hemlock Lake, N. y.
 Mar. 7th 1854.
 (154) Della M (6) Bn Sep't. 13 1855 Mrd. Alexander Burhans at Lowell, Ind.
 (155) Elmer E (6) Bn June 17 1861 Married ----- 1880.
 (156) Anna S (6) Bn ^{Sept} June 17th 1863. Died at Lake Geneva Wis. Mar 20 1890.
 Married Walter McAfferty at Lake Geneva, Wis.
 CHILDREN OF (65) JAMES GALEF (5) AND ELIZA M (KERR) FELLOWS. GRANDCHILDREN
 (29)
 OF JAMES Stevens (4).

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